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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/667,225	09/19/2003	Joseph J. Estwanik	18391.012	7016
21878	7590 09/27/2004		EXAMINER	
KENNEDY COVINGTON LOBDELL & HICKMAN, LLP			AMERSON, LORI BAKER	
214 N. TRYON STREET HEARST TOWER, 47TH FLOOR CHARLOTTE, NC 28202			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3764	

DATE MAILED: 09/27/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)						
Office Action Summary		10/667,225	ESTWANIK, JOSEPH J.						
		Examiner	Art Unit						
		L Amerson	3764						
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply									
THE N - Extensions after S - If the I - If NO - Failure Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION of time may be available under the provisions of 3 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of the period for reply specified above, the maximum statute to the toreply within the set or extended period for reply will, exply received by the Office later than three months after d patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. FOR 1.136(a). In no event, howe cation. ays, a reply within the statutory miniory period will apply and will expire \$ by statute, cause the application to	ver, may a reply be timely filed mum of thirty (30) days will be considered to SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of the become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	is communication.					
Status									
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed o	on <u>19 September 2003</u> .							
	· · ·		al.						
•	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositio	on of Claims								
5)	Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the app la) Of the above claim(s) is/are v Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-14 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction	withdrawn from considera							
Application	on Papers								
10)⊠ T	The specification is objected to by the E The drawing(s) filed on <u>19 September 2</u> Applicant may not request that any objectio Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the The oath or declaration is objected to by	$\frac{2003}{1000}$ is/are: a) \square accepte in to the drawing(s) be held a correction is required if the	in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a) drawing(s) is objected to. See 37). ' CFR 1.121(d).					
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 									
2) Notice 3) Inform	(s) of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO- lation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO- No(s)/Mail Date <u>9/19/03</u>	-948) O/SB/08) 5) 🔲 (Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application (I Other:	PTO-152)					

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DETAILED ACTION

The following guidelines illustrate the preferred layout for the specification of a utility application. These guidelines are suggested for the applicant's use.

Arrangement of the Specification

As provided in 37 CFR 1.77(b), the specification of a utility application should include the following sections in order. Each of the lettered items should appear in upper case, without underlining or bold type, as a section heading. If no text follows the section heading, the phrase "Not Applicable" should follow the section heading:

- (a) TITLE OF THE INVENTION.
- (b) CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS.
- (c) STATEMENT REGARDING FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR DEVELOPMENT.
- (d) INCORPORATION-BY-REFERENCE OF MATERIAL SUBMITTED ON A COMPACT DISC (See 37 CFR 1.52(e)(5) and MPEP 608.05. Computer program listings (37 CFR 1.96(c)), "Sequence Listings" (37 CFR 1.821(c)), and tables having more than 50 pages of text are permitted to be submitted on compact discs.) or REFERENCE TO A "MICROFICHE APPENDIX" (See MPEP § 608.05(a).
 - "Microfiche Appendices" were accepted by the Office until March 1, 2001.)
- (e) BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION.
 - (1) Field of the Invention.
 - (2) Description of Related Art including information disclosed under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
- (f) BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION.
- (g) BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWING(S).
- (h) DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION.
- (i) CLAIM OR CLAIMS (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (j) ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (k) SEQUENCE LISTING (See MPEP § 2424 and 37 CFR 1.821-1.825. A "Sequence Listing" is required on paper if the application discloses a nucleotide or amino acid sequence as defined in 37 CFR 1.821(a) and if the required "Sequence Listing" is not submitted as an electronic document on compact disc).
- 2. The spacing of the lines of the specification is such as to make reading and entry of amendments difficult. New application papers with lines double spaced on good quality paper are required.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-3, 5-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated a. by Parker. Parker discloses a rocker device (fig. 1) having a lower rocking surface (fig. 1; 13), arcuately shaped (fig. 4) on a flat surface and an upper platform surface (14) having a recess (4). Regarding the language, "for stretching a user's leg muscles," "for rocking motion," "for receiving a user's knee in a bent condition of the user's leg for stretching the user's quadriceps upon rocking motion" has not been given patentable weight because the recitation is purely functional in nature and does not recite any structure. As to claims 2 and 8, the recess is cushioned (fig. 4; 11). As to claim 3, the rocker device has at least one handle (7). Regarding the language, "for transporting the rocker device" has not been given patentable weight because the recitation is purely functional in nature and does not recite any structure. As to claim 5, "the user's knee is bent at an approximately 90 degree angle has not been given patentable weight because the recitation is purely functional in nature and does not recite any structure. Furthermore, a recitation positively claiming non-statutory subject matter (e.g., human body parts) is prohibited. As to claim 6, the upper platform surface is configured to rest on a generally flat surface (fig. 2-3). Regarding the

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language, "allowing a user alternatively to position the user's heel of the user's leg on the lower rocking surface for stretching the user's hamstring muscle or to position the user's foot of the user's leg on the lower rocking surface for stretching the user's calf muscle" has not been given patentable weight because the recitation is purely functional in nature and does not recite any structure. As to claim 7, see the paragraph for claim 1. Additionally, a first position (fig. 1) wherein the lower rocking surface rests on a generally flat surface and a second position (fig. 2-3) wherein the upper platform surface rests on a generally flat surface. Regarding the language, "allowing the user to position the user's knee in a bent condition of the user's leg in the recess of the upper platform surface for stretching the user's quadriceps upon rocking motion," and "allowing a user to position alternatively the user's heel of the user's leg on the lower rocking surface for stretching the user's hamstring muscle or to position the user's foot of the user's leg on the lower rocking surface for stretching the user's calf muscle" has not been given patentable weight because the recitation is purely functional in nature and does not recite any structure. As to claim 9, see the paragraph for claim 3. As to claim 11, see the paragraph for claim 5.

b. Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Chen Wu. Chen Wu discloses a rocker device (1; fig. 3) having a lower rocking surface (11), arcuately shaped on a flat surface and an upper platform surface (12) having a recess (13). Regarding the language, "for stretching a user's leg muscles," "for rocking motion," "for receiving a user's knee in a bent condition of

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the user's leg for stretching the user's quadriceps upon rocking motion" has not been given patentable weight because the recitation is purely functional in nature and does not recite any structure. As to claims 2 and 8, the recess is cushioned (14). As to claim 3, the rocker device has at least one handle (21). Regarding the language, "for transporting the rocker device" has not been given patentable weight because the recitation is purely functional in nature and does not recite any structure. As to claim 4, the recess has at least one indentation (semicircular space between 12 and 13). Regarding the language, "for receiving the user's shin bone when the user's knee is received in the recess in a bent condition" has not been given patentable weight because the limitation is purely functional in nature and does not recite any structure As to claim 5, "the user's knee is bent at an approximately 90 degree angle has not been given patentable weight because the recitation is purely functional in nature and does not recite any structure. Furthermore, a recitation positively claiming non-statutory subject matter (e.g., human body parts) is prohibited. As to claim 6, the upper platform surface is configured to rest on a generally flat surface (fig. 3-4) allowing a user alternatively to position the user's heel of the user's leg on the lower rocking surface for stretching the user's hamstring muscle or to position the user's foot of the user's leg on the lower rocking surface for stretching the user's calf muscle. As to claim 7, see the paragraph for claim 1. Regarding the language, "a first position wherein the lower rocking surface rests on a generally flat surface and a second position wherein the upper platform surface rests on a generally flat

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surface allowing the user to position the user's knee in a bent condition of the user's leg in the recess of the upper platform surface for stretching the user's quadriceps upon rocking motion," and "allowing a user to position alternatively the user's heel of the user's leg on the lower rocking surface for stretching the user's hamstring muscle or to position the user's foot of the user's leg on the lower rocking surface for stretching the user's calf muscle" has not been given patentable weight because the recitation is purely functional in nature and does not recite any structure. As to claim 9, see the paragraph for claim 3. As to claim 10, see the paragraph for claim 4. As to claim 11, see the paragraph for claim 5.

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- c. Claims 1-2, 5-8 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Fery et al. Fery et al disclose a rocker device (fig. 3) having a lower rocking surface (37), arcuately shaped on a flat surface and an upper platform surface (46) having a recess (48) for receiving a user's knee in a bent condition of the user's leg for stretching the user's quadriceps upon rocking motion. As to claims 2 and 8, the recess is cushioned (col. 3, lines 51-55). As to claim 5, "the user's knee is bent at an approximately 90 degree angle has not been given patentable weight because the recitation is purely functional in nature and does not recite any structure. Furthermore, a recitation positively claiming non-statutory subject matter (e.g., human body parts) is prohibited. As to claim 6, the upper platform surface is configured to rest on a generally flat surface (fig.
- 3). Regarding the language "allowing a user alternatively to position the user's

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heel of the user's leg on the lower rocking surface for stretching the user's hamstring muscle or to position the user's foot of the user's leg on the lower rocking surface for stretching the user's calf muscle" has not been given patentable weight because the recitation is purely functional in nature and does not recite any structure. As to claim 7, see the paragraph for claim 1. Regarding the language, "a first position wherein the lower rocking surface rests on a generally flat surface and a second position wherein the upper platform surface rests on a generally flat surface allowing the user to position the user's knee in a bent condition of the user's leg in the recess of the upper platform surface for stretching the user's quadriceps upon rocking motion," and "allowing a user to position alternatively the user's heel of the user's leg on the lower rocking surface for stretching the user's hamstring muscle or to position the user's foot of the user's leg on the lower rocking surface for stretching the user's calf muscle" has not been given patentable weight because the recitation is purely functional in nature and does not recite any structure. As to claim 11, see the paragraph for claim 5.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

⁽a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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d. Claims 12-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fery et al. Fery et al discloses an apparatus in Figure 3 having a rocker device with a lower rocking surface that is arcuately shaped and on a flat surface with an upper platform having a recess for receiving a knee in a bent condition of approximately 90 degrees while the user's legs are stretched comprising the steps of resting the lower surface on a flat surface; placing the user in the recess of the upper platform and rocking (col. 4, lines 20-55). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the step of stretching the leg muscles since the reference is inherently capable of stretching the user's muscles while lying in specific orientation and rocking.

Conclusion

3. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to L Amerson whose telephone number is (703) 306-5576. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri from 8-5 p.m. Interviews Tue. And Thur...

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nicholas Lucchesi can be reached on (703) 308-2698. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

L. Amerson